37 Common Characteristics of Dyslexia

Most dyslexics will exhibit <u>about 10</u> or more of the following traits and behaviors. These characteristics can vary from day-to-day or minute-to-minute. The most consistent thing about dyslexia is its inconsistency. © 1992 by Ronald D. Davis

General		Writing and Motor Skills	
	Appears bright, highly intelligent, and articulate but unable to read, write, or spell at grade level.		Trouble with writing or copying; pencil grip is unusual; handwriting varies or is illegible. Clumsy, uncoordinated, poor at ball or team
	Labeled lazy, dumb, careless, immature, "not trying hard enough," or "behavior problem." Isn't "behind enough" or "bad enough" to be		sports; difficulties with fine and/or gross motor skills and tasks; prone to motion-sickness.
_ _	helped in the school setting. High in IQ, yet may not test well		
	academically; tests well orally, but not written.	Ma	ath and Time Management
	Feels dumb; has poor self-esteem; hides or covers up weaknesses with ingenious compensatory strategies; easily frustrated and emotional about school reading or testing.		Has difficulty telling time, managing time, learning sequenced information or tasks, or being on time. Computing math shows dependence on finger counting and other tricks. In page
	Talented in art, drama, music, sports, mechanics, story-telling, sales, business,		finger counting and other tricks; knows answers, but can't do it on paper. Can count, but has difficulty counting objects
	designing, building, or engineering. Seems to "Zone out" or daydream often; gets lost easily or loses track of time.		and dealing with money. Can do arithmetic, but fails word problems; cannot grasp algebra or higher math.
	Difficulty sustaining attention; seems "hyper" or "daydreamer."	M	emory and Cognition
	Learns best through hands-on experience, demonstrations, experimentation, observation, and visual aids.		Excellent long-term memory for experiences locations, and faces. Poor memory for sequences, facts and
Vi u	sion, Reading, and Spelling Complains of dizziness, headaches or		information that has not been experienced. Thinks primarily with images and feeling, not sounds or words (little internal dialogue).
	stomach aches while reading. Confused by letters, numbers, words, sequences, or verbal explanations.		ehavior, Health, Development and ersonality
	Reading or writing shows repetitions, additions, transpositions, omissions, substitutions, and reversals in letters,		Extremely disorderly or compulsively orderly Can be class clown, trouble-maker, or too quiet.
	numbers and/or words. Complains of feeling or seeing non-existent		Had unusually early or late developmental stages (talking, crawling, walking, tying
	movement while reading, writing, or copying. Seems to have difficulty with vision, yet eye exams don't reveal a problem.	_	shoes). Prone to ear infections; sensitive to foods, additives, and chemical products.
	Extremely keen sighted and observant, or lacks depth perception and peripheral vision. Reads and rereads with little comprehension.		Can be an extra deep or light sleeper; bedwetting beyond appropriate age. Unusually high or low tolerance for pain.
	Spells phonetically and inconsistently.		Strong sense of justice; emotionally
H€	Has extended hearing; hears things not said or apparent to others; easily distracted by		sensitive; strives for perfection. Mistakes and symptoms increase dramatically with confusion, time pressure, emotional stress, or poor health

☐ Difficulty putting thoughts into words; speaks

mispronounces long words, or transposes

phrases, words, and syllables when speaking.

in halting phrases; leaves sentences

incomplete; stutters under stress;

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